Union Calendar No. 347

105TH CONGRESS H. R. 2544

[Report No. 105-620, Part I]

A BILL

To improve the ability of Federal agencies to license federally owned inventions.

JULY 14, 1998

Referral to the Committee on the Judiciary extended for a period ending not later than July 14, 1998

JULY 14, 1998

Committee on the Judiciary discharged; committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

Union Calendar No. 347

105TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 2544

[Report No. 105-620, Part I]

To improve the ability of Federal agencies to license federally owned inventions.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

September 25, 1997

Mrs. Morella introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Science, and in addition to the Committee on the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

July 14, 1998

Reported from the Committee on Science with an amendment [Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

July 14, 1998

Referral to the Committee on the Judiciary extended for a period ending not later than July 14, 1998

July 14, 1998

Additional sponsors: Mr. Sensenbrenner, Mr. Brown of California, Mr. Barcia, Mrs. Tauscher, and Mr. Cook

July 14, 1998

Committee on the Judiciary discharged; committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

A BILL

To improve the ability of Federal agencies to license federally owned inventions.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Technology Transfer
- 5 Commercialization Act of 1998".
- 6 SEC. 2. COOPERATIVE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT
- 7 AGREEMENTS.
- 8 Section 12(b)(1) of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology
- 9 Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3710a(b)(1)) is amended
- 10 by inserting "or, subject to section 209 of title 35, United
- 11 States Code, may grant a license to an invention which is
- 12 federally owned, made before the granting of the license, and
- 13 directly related to the scope of the work under the agree-
- 14 ment," after "under the agreement,".
- 15 SEC. 3. LICENSING FEDERALLY OWNED INVENTIONS.
- 16 (a) Amendment.—Section 209 of title 35, United
- 17 States Code, is amended to read as follows:

1 "§ 209. Licensing federally owned inventions

2	"(a) AUTHORITY.—A Federal agency may grant an
3	exclusive or partially exclusive license on a federally owned
4	invention only if—
5	"(1) granting the license is a reasonable and nec-
6	essary incentive to—
7	"(A) call forth the investment capital and
8	expenditures needed to bring the invention to
9	practical application; or
10	"(B) otherwise promote the invention's uti-
11	lization by the public;
12	"(2) the Federal agency finds that the public will
13	be served by the granting of the license, as indicated
14	by the applicant's intentions, plans, and ability to
15	bring the invention to practical application or other-
16	wise promote the invention's utilization by the public,
17	and that the proposed scope of exclusivity is not
18	greater than reasonably necessary to provide the in-
19	centive for bringing the invention to practical utiliza-
20	tion, as proposed by the applicant, or otherwise to
21	promote the invention's utilization by the public;
22	"(3) the applicant makes a commitment to
23	achieve practical utilization of the invention within a
24	$reasonable\ time;$

1	"(4) granting the license will not tend to sub-
2	stantially lessen competition or create or maintain a
3	violation of the Federal antitrust laws; and
4	"(5) in the case of an invention covered by a for-
5	eign patent application or patent, the interests of the
6	Federal Government or United States industry in for-
7	eign commerce will be enhanced.
8	"(b) Manufacture in United States.—A Federal
9	agency shall normally grant a license to use or sell any
10	federally owned invention in the United States only to a
11	licensee who agrees that any products embodying the inven-
12	tion or produced through the use of the invention will be
13	manufactured substantially in the United States.
14	"(c) Small Business.—First preference for the grant-
15	ing of any exclusive or partially exclusive licenses under
16	this section shall be given to small business firms having
17	equal or greater likelihood as other applicants to bring the
18	invention to practical application within a reasonable time.
19	"(d) Terms and Conditions.—Licenses granted
20	under this section shall contain such terms and conditions
21	as the granting agency considers appropriate. Such terms
22	and conditions shall include provisions—
23	"(1) retaining a nontransferrable, irrevocable,
24	paid-up license for the Federal agency to practice the
25	invention or have the invention practiced throughout

1	the world by or on behalf of the Government of the
2	United States;
3	"(2) requiring periodic reporting on utilization
4	of the invention, and utilization efforts, by the li-
5	censee, but only to the extent necessary to enable the
6	Federal agency to determine whether the terms of the
7	license are being complied with; and
8	"(3) empowering the Federal agency to terminate
9	the license in whole or in part if the agency deter-
10	mines that—
11	"(A) the licensee is not executing its com-
12	mitment to achieve practical utilization of the
13	invention, including commitments contained in
14	any plan submitted in support of its request for
15	a license, and the licensee cannot otherwise dem-
16	onstrate to the satisfaction of the Federal agency
17	that it has taken, or can be expected to take
18	within a reasonable time, effective steps to
19	achieve practical utilization of the invention;
20	"(B) the licensee is in breach of an agree-
21	ment described in subsection (b);
22	"(C) termination is necessary to meet re-
23	quirements for public use specified by Federal
24	regulations issued after the date of the license,

1	and such requirements are not reasonably satis-
2	fied by the licensee; or
3	"(D) the licensee has been found by a com-
4	petent authority to have violated the Federal
5	antitrust laws in connection with its perform-
6	ance under the license agreement.
7	"(e) Public Notice.—No exclusive or partially exclu-
8	sive license may be granted under this section unless public
9	notice of the intention to grant an exclusive or partially
10	exclusive license on a federally owned invention has been
11	provided in an appropriate manner at least 15 days before
12	the license is granted, and the Federal agency has consid-
13	ered all comments received in response to that public notice.
14	This subsection shall not apply to the licensing of inven-
15	tions made under a cooperative research and development
16	agreement entered into under section 12 of the Stevenson-
17	Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C.
18	<i>3710a)</i> .
19	"(f) Basic Business Plan.—A Federal agency may
20	grant a license on a federally owned invention only if the
21	person requesting the license has supplied to the agency a
22	basic business plan with development milestones, commer-
23	cialization milestones, or both.

- 24 "(g) Nondisclosure of Certain Information.—
- 25 Any basic business plan, and revisions thereto, submitted

1	by an applicant for a license, and any report on the utiliza-
2	tion or utilization efforts of a licensed invention submitted
3	by a licensee, shall be treated by the Federal agency as com-
4	mercial and financial information obtained from a person
5	and not subject to disclosure under section 552 of title 5,
6	United States Code.".
7	(b) Conforming Amendment.—The item relating to
8	section 209 in the table of sections for chapter 18 of title
9	35, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:
	"209. Licensing federally owned inventions.".
10	SEC. 4. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS TO BAYH-DOLE ACT.
11	Chapter 18 of title 35, United States Code (popularly
12	known as the "Bayh-Dole Act"), is amended—
13	(1) by amending section 202(e) to read as fol-
14	lows:
15	"(e) In any case when a Federal employee is a coinven-
16	tor of any invention made under a funding agreement with
17	a nonprofit organization or small business firm, the Federal
18	agency employing such coinventor may, for the purpose of
19	consolidating rights in the invention—
20	"(1) license or assign whatever rights it may ac-
21	quire in the subject invention from its employee to the
22	nonprofit organization or small business firm; or
23	"(2) acquire any rights in the subject invention,
24	but only to the extent the party from whom the rights

1	are acquired voluntarily enters into the transaction.";
2	and
3	(2) in section 207(a)—
4	(A) by striking "patent applications, pat-
5	ents, or other forms of protection obtained" and
6	inserting "inventions" in paragraph (2); and
7	(B) by inserting ", including acquiring
8	rights for the Federal Government in any inven-
9	tion, but only to the extent the party from whom
10	the rights are acquired voluntarily enters into
11	the transaction, to facilitate the licensing of a
12	federally owned invention" after "or through
13	contract" in paragraph (3).
14	SEC. 5. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS TO THE STEVENSON-
15	WYDLER TECHNOLOGY INNOVATION ACT OF
16	1980.
17	Section 14(a)(1) of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology
18	Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3710c(a)(1)) is amend-
19	ed—
20	(1) in subparagraph (A)(i), by inserting ", if the
21	inventor's or coinventor's rights are assigned to the
22	United States" after "inventor or coinventors"; and
23	(2) in subparagraph (B), by striking "succeeding
24	fiscal year" and inserting "2 succeeding fiscal years".

SEC. 6. REVIEW OF COOPERATIVE RESEARCH AND DEVEL-2 OPMENT AGREEMENT PROCEDURES. 3 (a) Review.—The Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy, in consultation with relevant Federal 4 5 agencies, national laboratories, and any other person the Director considers appropriate, shall review the general policies and procedures used by Federal agencies to gather and consider the views of other agencies on— 9 joint work statements undersection 10 12(c)(5)(C) or (D) of the Stevenson-Wydler Tech-11 nology Innovation Act of1980 (15 U.S.C.12 3710a(c)(5)(C) or (D); or 13 (2) in the case of laboratories described in sec-14 tion 12(d)(2)(A) of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology 15 Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3710a(d)(2)(A)), 16 cooperative research and development agreements 17 under such section 12, with respect to major proposed cooperative research and de-18 19 velopment agreements that involve critical national security technology or may have a significant impact on domestic 21 or international competitiveness. 22 (b) Procedures.—Within one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy, in consultation with rel-24

evant Federal agencies and national laboratories, shall—

1	(1) determine the adequacy of existing proce-
2	dures and methods for interagency coordination and
3	awareness; and
4	(2) establish and distribute to appropriate Fed-
5	eral agencies—
6	(A) specific criteria to indicate the necessity
7	for gathering and considering the views of other
8	agencies on joint work statements or cooperative
9	research and development agreements as de-
10	scribed in subsection (a); and
11	(B) additional procedures, if any, for carry-
12	ing out such gathering and considering of agency
13	views.
14	Procedures established under this subsection shall be de-
15	signed to the extent possible to use or modify existing proce-
16	dures, to minimize burdens on Federal agencies, to encour-
17	age industrial partnerships with national laboratories, and
18	to minimize delay in the approval or disapproval of joint
19	work statements and cooperative research and development
20	agreements.